## S1.

Table 1. Primary multiple coefficient of determination of $j$ th independent variables on other variables.

| Variable | $\boldsymbol{R}_{\boldsymbol{j}}^{\mathbf{2}}$ | Variables | $\boldsymbol{R}_{\boldsymbol{j}}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Average number of <br> households | 0.787 | Proportion of population 25 <br> to 64 years old | 0.678 |
| Average number of rooms at <br> each household | 0.441 | Proportion of higher <br> education (Logarithm) | 0.603 |
| Proportion of households <br> headed by a male | 0.359 | Gross domestic <br> products(Cubic) | 0.418 |
| Proportion of the active <br> population employed | 0.484 | Proportion of households <br> joined to charity organization <br> (logarithm) | 0.302 |
| Sex ratio (logarithm) | 0.388 | Distance from province <br> capital(Cubic) | 0.199 |
| Proportion of population $>65$ <br> years | 0.672 | Per capita income for <br> municipalities | 0.193 |
| Proportion of population 25 <br> to 64 years old | 0.834 | Migration rate |  |

Table 2. Final multiple coefficient of determination of $\mathbf{j t h}$ independent variables on other variables.

| Variable | $\boldsymbol{R}_{\boldsymbol{j}}$ | Variables | $\boldsymbol{R}_{\boldsymbol{j}}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Average number of <br> households | 0.773 | Proportion of population 25 <br> to 64 years old | 0.427 |
| Average number of rooms at <br> each household | 0.430 | Proportion of higher <br> education (Logarithm) | 0.394 |
| Proportion of male-headed <br> households | 0.321 | Gross domestic <br> products(Cubic) | 0.406 |
| Proportion of the active <br> population employed | 0.406 | Proportion of households <br> joined to charity organization <br> logarithm) | 0.279 |
| Sex ratio (Logarithm) | 0.211 | Distance from province <br> capital(Cubic) | 0.198 |
| Proportion of population $>65$ <br> years | 0.657 | Per capita income for <br> municipalities | 0.177 |
|  | Migration rate | 0.521 |  |

## S2.

library(MASS (
for $(\mathrm{j}$ in 1:1000\} (
A=abs(mvrnorm(round(998*1.2),grapes[,1],sigma.kmw ( (
for(i in 1:274 \} (
$B[i, 1: 2]=c($ mean $(A[1: r o u n d(f o o d . w o r k . w 1[113+i, 37] * 1.2), i]), \operatorname{var}(A[1: r o u n d(f o o d . w o r k . w 1[113+i$,
37]*1.2), i $\{($ ( $[$
rm(A (
$\mathrm{w}=\mathrm{kmw}(\mathrm{B}[, 1] \sim \operatorname{grapes}[, 2]+\operatorname{grapes}[3]-1, \mathrm{~B}[, 2] /$ food.work.w1[-(1:113),37], dis1[-(1:113),-
(1:113)],method="REML ("
kk.20ps.20pn[,j]=w\$eblup \{
sigma.kmw $=\operatorname{dis} 1[-(1: 113),-(1: 113)] * 165+\operatorname{diag}(g r a p e s[4] *$ food.work.w1 $[-(1: 113), 37$ ( $[$

## S3.

library(MASS (
for $(j$ in 1:1000 (
A =abs(mvrnorm(round(998*1.2),grapes[,1],sigma.sar ( (
for(i in 1:274 \} (
$\mathrm{B}[\mathrm{i}, 1: 2]=\mathrm{c}($ mean $(\mathrm{A}[1$ :round(food.work.w1[113+i,37]*1.2), $]$ ), $\operatorname{var}(\mathrm{A}[1:$ round(food.work.w1[113+i, 37]*1.2), i $\{$ ( ( [
rm(A (
w=eblupSFH(B[,1]~grapes[,2] + grapes[,3] - 1, B[,2]/food.work.w1[-(1:113),37],proxi.s[-(1:113),(1:113)],method="REML ("
a3.uu.20pn[j] $=$ w\$eblup \{
sigma.sar=solve( $\mathrm{t}\left(\operatorname{diag}(1,274)-0.2^{*}\right.$ proxi.s[-(1:113),-(1:113)]) $\% * \%\left(\operatorname{diag}(1,274)-0.2^{*}\right.$ proxi.s[$(1: 113),-(1: 113)]))^{* 101+\operatorname{diag}(g r a p e s[, 4] * f o o d . w o r k . w 1[-(1: 113), 37 ~(~[~}$

